Continuous-flexible pill taking – the 21st century way to take the pill

This leaflet is for use along with the green FPA Leaflet www.fpa.org.uk/sites/default/files/the-combined-pill-your-guide.pdf

[BUT, please disregard anything here about stopping the pill for 7 days, and omit/delete all text and the 2-page diagram coming after How do I take the pill? on page 10 and starting again on page 14 at the question If I take other medicines will it affect my pill? Then continue through to the end]

What is continuous pill taking?
- This is a way of taking the pill leaving out the regular pill free break – i.e. not in the usual 21 tablets then stopping for 7 days way (21/7 for short).
- This is an “off licence” prescription. Yet it is supported by medical authorities in the UK and by WHO: there’s lots of evidence for it making your pill much safer, contraceptively. We have known for some time that the routine of not taking tablets for 7 days weakens the pill’s main effect of stopping your ovaries from releasing an egg: so it makes egg-release more likely when pills are missed. Since it’s quite common to forget 1 or 2 pills, ordinary women find the standard 21/7 method of taking it lets them down about 10 times more often than if “over 99% effective” was true, in the real world.
- It also means you don’t have to have regular monthly bleeds, which have no known benefits.
- A non-phasic 20 mcg oestrogen pill is used - your healthcare provider will be able to tell you this.

What are the benefits for me?
- As just said, it makes the pill more effective as a contraceptive.
- Yet it still reverses very quickly when you stop taking it.
- It reduces problems such as period pain, PMT, migraine and other headaches, and more.
- It’s convenient for when you want to avoid bleeding e.g. for holidays and special occasions.

How do I take the pill continuously?
- Start your pill on the correct day of the week (as shown on the strip).
- Take one pill at about the same time each day, at a time that is easy for you to remember.
- Take all the pills in that strip, and then start the next strip without a break.
- Keep taking the strips without a break.

How long can I take the pill continuously?
- Indefinitely – until either you choose another method or your surgery/clinic advises this.

Isn’t it better for me to have “periods” every month?
- No. The “period” on the pill is completely artificial and is called a “hormone withdrawal bleed”.
- Because it is artificial, the withdrawal bleed can be false reassurance that you are not pregnant.
- The bleed is just your womb’s response when you take a few days’ break from the pill’s hormones.
- When you don’t take any breaks, usually (not always, see below) there is no bleeding
- But also, no blood is collecting inside you.
- It is a myth that you need to have a monthly bleed to protect your fertility.

What happens if I get bleeding while taking the pill continuously?
- Irregular bleeding and/or ‘spotting’ during the first months of continuous pill-taking can occur, but most women find this becomes acceptable as it lessens over time and may then cease.
- If the bleeding is troublesome to you, e.g. by continuing for too long, and has not settled after having taken at least 21 consecutive pills:
  o Stop taking tablets for just 4 days.
  o Unless you also missed other tablets for any reason in the previous 7 days, no need to take extra precautions when you take that break.
  o Regardless of bleeding you get (or don’t get): restart your pill taking the correct pill for that day, leaving out the 4 unused pills. Continue as before.
  o If it does not settle, seek advice from your surgery/clinic in case you need a check-up to exclude other causes of bleeding e.g. Chlamydia.
**What is an “off licence” prescription?**
- All medicines have a product licence. The licence tells us under which conditions the medicine can be prescribed for patients.
- If expert medical opinion is that a medicines can be used also in different ways or under different conditions, this is called prescribing “off-licence”.
- Prescribing off-licence is as safe as taking the pill in the standard way because we still follow medical guidelines.

**OTHER POINTS ABOUT CONTINUOUS PILL TAKING**

**How do I start this pill?**
- Just like the 21/7 version. Do as described on page 9, or the first paragraph of page 10, of the FPA’s *Your guide to the combined pill*. Also:
- You can start any pill straight away if you are already on a safe method such as the Implant, Injection or the IUD or IUS.

**Managing missed or late pills during continuous use**
- You can miss up to four pills and still be protected against pregnancy, even if you had sex in that week.
  - Restart your strip of pills straight away.
  - Extra precautions for 7 days? Not required – except, unusually, if you had NOT taken at least 7 pills in a row ahead of the first missed one.
  - No need for emergency contraception.
  - Continue with the next strip without any more breaks in pill taking.
- If you miss five or more pills:
  - Restart the pill and use condoms or abstain from sex for seven days.
  - Please contact or attend the surgery/clinic, to discuss your contraception.
  - You should do a pregnancy test after 3 weeks.

**What if I have vomiting and/or severe diarrhoea?**
- These might affect your absorbing pills properly, but no worse than missing tablets.
  - No extra precautions unless either or both last for 5 or more days.
  - If they do (or earlier), contact or attend your surgery/clinic.
  - Mean time continue pill-taking.

**If I take other medicines will it affect my pill?**
- See the answer to this question on page 14 of the FPA’s *Your guide to the combined pill*.
  - Continue pill-taking.
  - Contact your surgery/clinic without delay, for advice about your future contraception.

**How often should I come back for follow up?**
- Once you are settled on the pill you usually only need an annual check for any changes to your medical history, family history, drug history or allergies. You will also have your blood pressure and may also have your weight and height checked.
- If at any other time you have any questions, have a problem or want to switch methods, make an appointment with your surgery/clinic for review.

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